Maintaining a Vital Chesapeake Bay

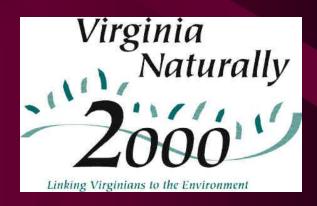
Chesapeake Bay Local Assistance Department

www.cblad.state.va.us

Michael D. Clower, Executive Director

S. Michael Vojta, GIS Manager





Agency Overview:

- Agency's mission
- Support for Tidewater Localities
- Local Bay Act Programs
- Bay Area Protection Criteria

Michael D. Clower





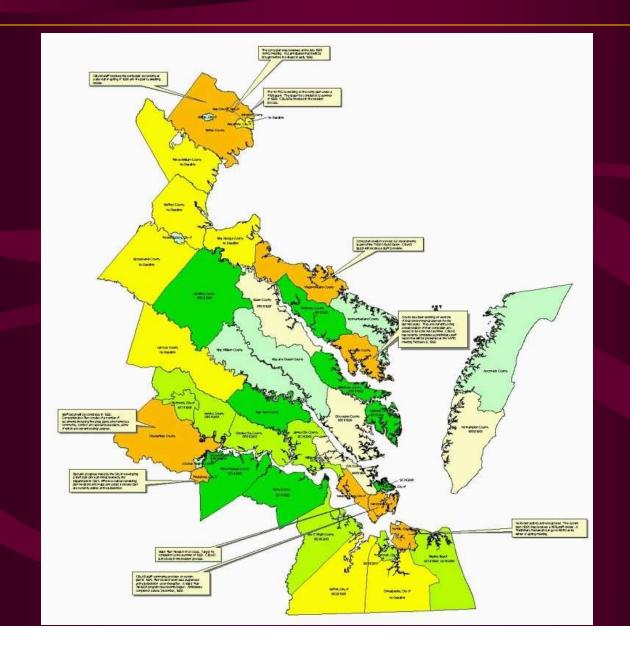
Agency's Goals:

- Chesapeake Bay Act Regulations:
 - No net increase in non-point source pollution from new development
 - 10% reduction in NPS pollution from redevelopment
 - 40% reduction in agriculture / silviculture
- Assist local governments in compliance measures





Agency Service Area: Tidewater Virginia





Agency Support for Tidewater Localities:

Protection and restoration of the Chesapeake Bay's natural systems through:

- * Local Bay Act programs
- * Agency Technical and Financial Assistance
- * Advisory Site Plan Review
- * Local program implementation oversight
- * Polecat Creek Water Quality Monitoring Project





Local Bay Act Programs:

- Land Use Planning
- Water Quality Protection
- Establishment of Bay Preservation Areas
- Amend Zoning and Sub-division
 Ordinances, and Comp. Plans





Chesapeake Bay Preservation Features:

- Vegetative riparian buffer zones
- Floodplains and wetlands
- Highly erodible soils
- Highly permeable soils





Technical Overview:

- Defining the 'Data Challenge'
 - Incomplete data libraries
 - Matters of 'Position and Condition'
- Present utilization of RS data:
 - Polecat Creek Watershed Monitoring
 - Port Royal CBPA feature identification

S. Michael Vojta





Defining the Data Challenge:

- Incomplete thematic data sets
- Inadequate Resolution:
 - 1:24,000 source data serving 1:4800 parcel maps
- Age and 'timeliness' of existing data





Problematic feature delineation:

- Stream perenniality
- Accurate watershed delineation
- Tidal and weather influences on shores
- Vegetation succession and regression
- Natural vs Anthropogenic influences
- Plan review and site verification
- Connectivity of wetlands to tributaries





Gloucester Point Wetlands:



Present Uses of Remotely Sensed Imagery:

- 'Tightening' existing GIS data
- Deriving new or more current GIS thematic data
- Polecat Creek Water Quality Monitoring Project LU/LC delineation





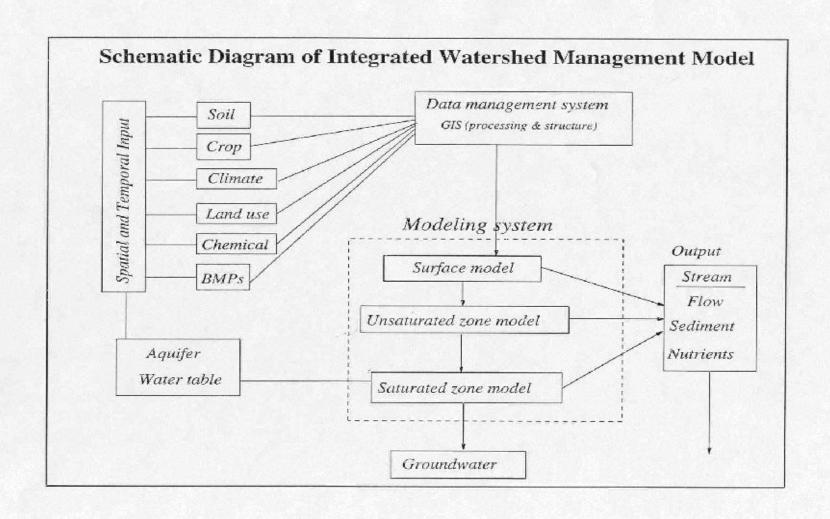
Polecat Creek Water Quality Monitoring Project:

- 10-year, integrated study of the water quality and land use changes
- Biological, Hydrological and Chemical components
- GIS for spatial and temporal analysis of land use change
- Watershed Modeling

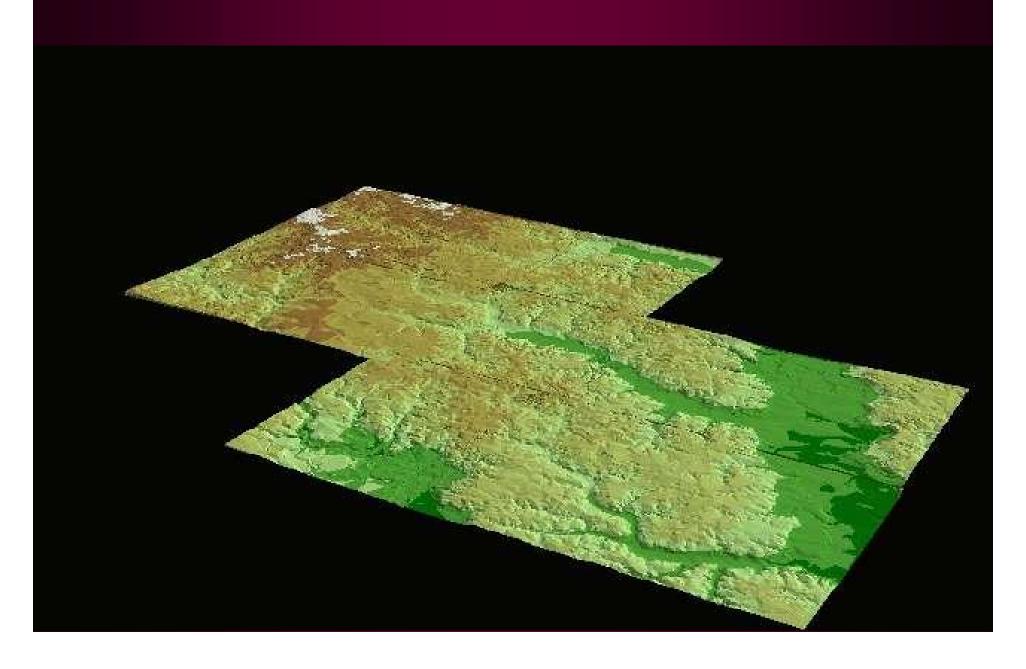




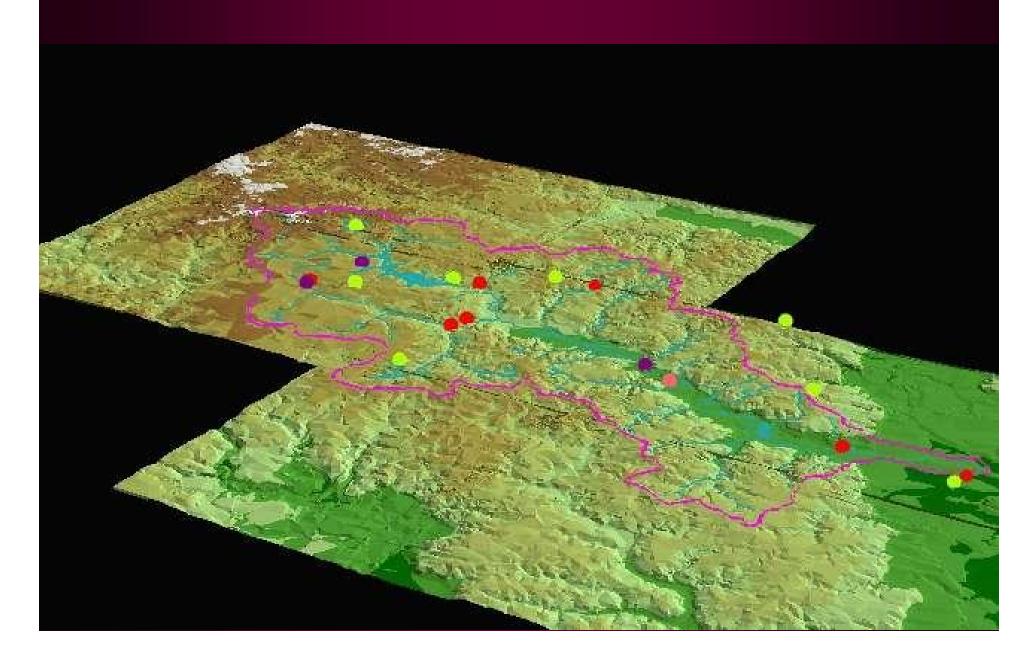
Integrated Watershed Management Model:



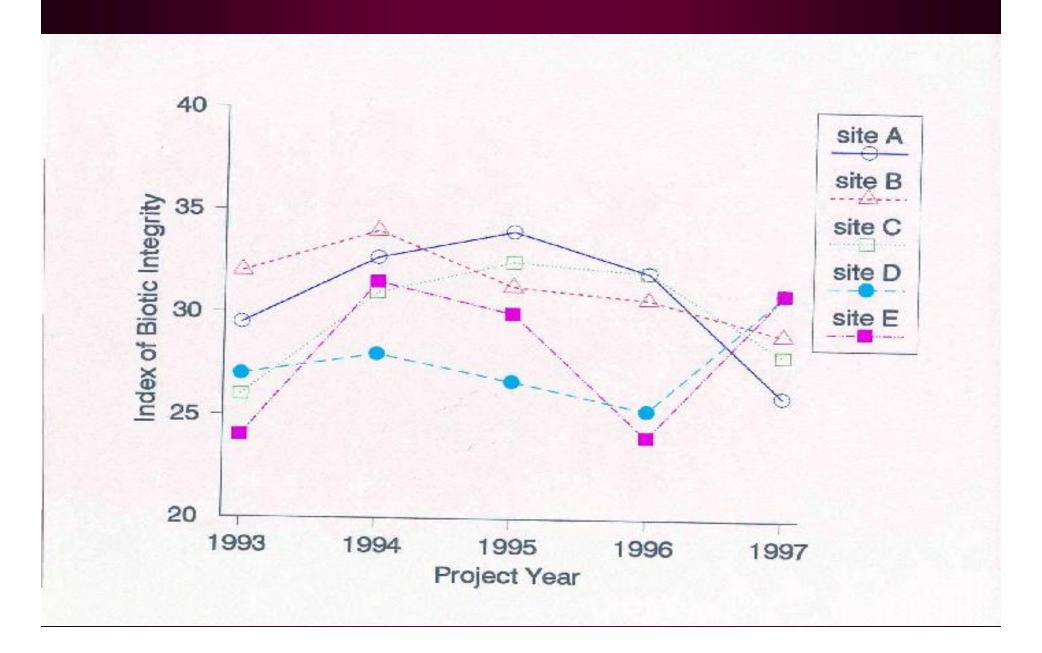
Polecat Creek Watershed (TIN):



Polecat Creek Watershed Monitoring Sites:



Polecat Creek Monitoring Data:



FCIR DOQQ Aerial Photos:





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Landuse Data Generation:





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Vector Data Overlay:

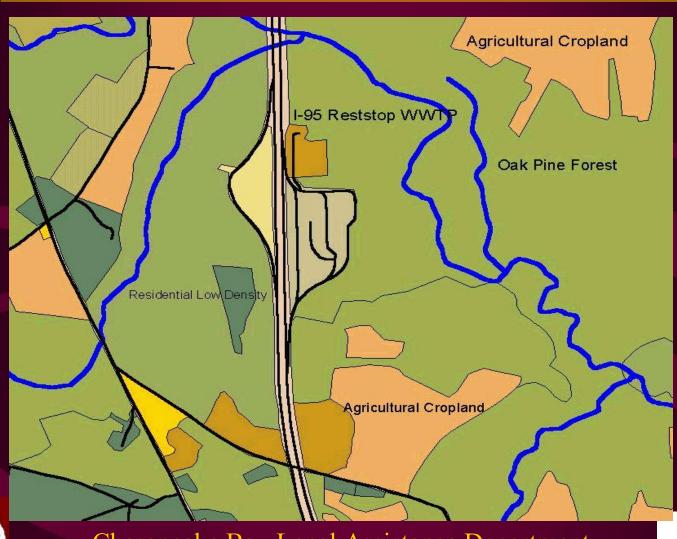




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LULC and Hydrology Theme Output:



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Virginia

Comparison of LULC from '93 to '99

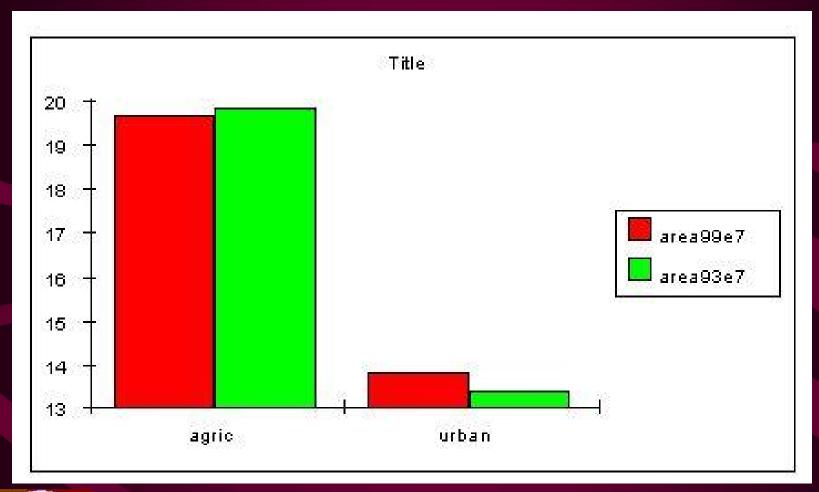








Landuse Change Output Information:







Port Royal CBPA Delineation:

- Local government example of spatial and temporal data application
- Considering re-evaluation of RMA
- High resolution needs
- Floodplain in question

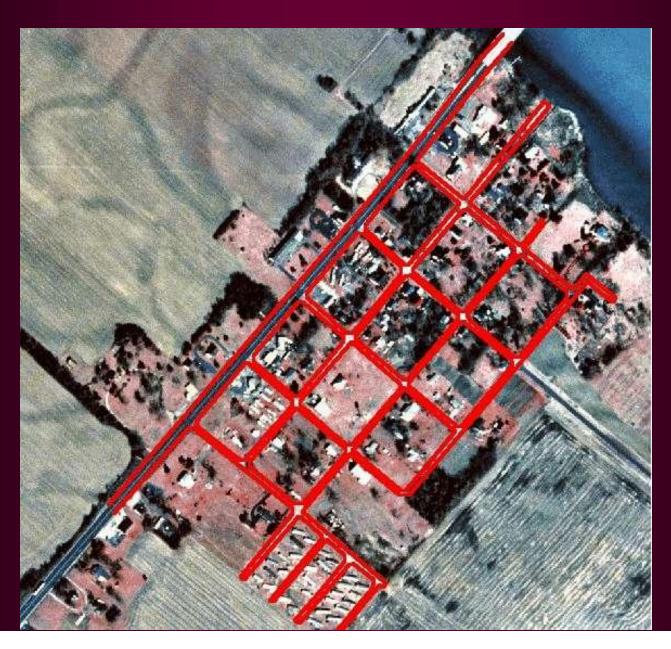




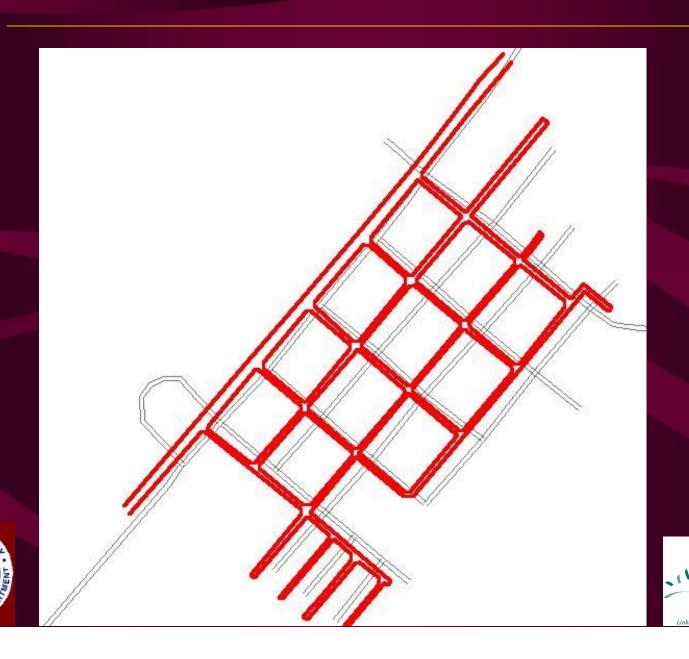
Port Royal CBPA Identification:



Port Royal Street Data Capture:



Port Royal Street Data Enhancement:



In Conclusion ...

The Future Utilization of Remotely Sensed Data for the Chesapeake Bay

Michael D. Clower





Future Utilization of Remotely Sensed Data:

- Enhance feature identification
- Timely verification of area conditions
- Increase cost effectiveness
- 'Knowledge base' rather than 'Knowledge gap'



